

Grant No. SI2/CHE-1265821

An SI² cyberinfrastructure project addressing Grand Challenges in the Chemical Sciences

CCP-SAS Project

A Collaborative Computational Project for Small Angle Scattering

GenApp

Data Types

Generate

Modules

Paul Butler (PI)

University of Tennessee Knoxville NIST Center for Neutron Research

• Emre Brookes

- Joseph Curtis

- Tom Irving



Can get quite computer intensive with 2D oriented scattering including advanced sampling of error surface

in parameter space etc.

unctionality provided by sasview.org

Currently maintained by 5 facilities Code camp held 31 Mar-6 Apr 2014

KICKOFF WORKSHOP: Feb 7-9, 2014

BUT what about the increasingly complex systems that have little symmetry and where the possible variations could not be captured by a single analytical model with parameters?

→ Real space generation of model candidates and FFT into scattering space, compare and iterate.

√ Pioneered by Dmitri Svergun distributed through ATSAS suite

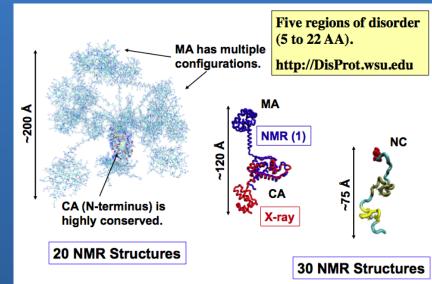
CCP-SAS in a **NUTSHELL**

Create new and enable existing computational tools to model scattering data in real space to dramatically improve accessibility by non-experts.

Our approach: Generate ensembles of possible structures using as much a priori information as possible with high throughput computing methods to screen for reasonable structures that match the data.

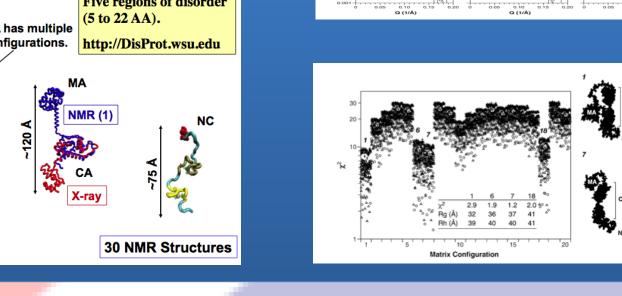
- A priori information = constraints on system. Connectivity imposes constraints
- MD/MC use the physical chemistry/chemical physics of the system in order to provide a representative sampling of phase space Data from other experimental methods such as AUC, NMR, etc. also provide constraints
- Include infrastructure to
- Provide as transparent an access to "HPC" resources as possible
- Provide as transparent an access to advanced techniques and algorithms as possible (building experience into software)
- Allow "simple" plugging in of new modules that add new tools
- Continue to improve and extend modelling tools
- Extend existing modeling of protein solution scattering to larger classes of problems
- Adding new MD and MC sampling techniques
- Fully open source which encourages community contribution
- Long term support and maintenance

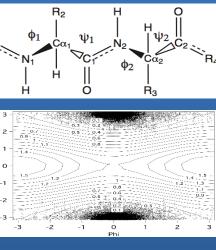
HIV-1 Gag

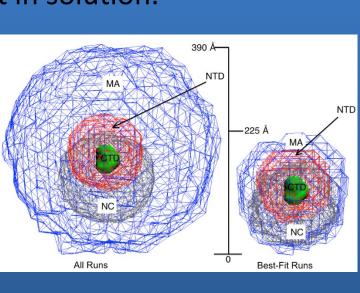


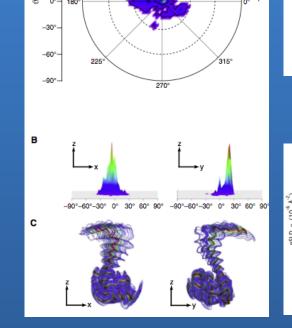
fitting ensemble covering a reduced

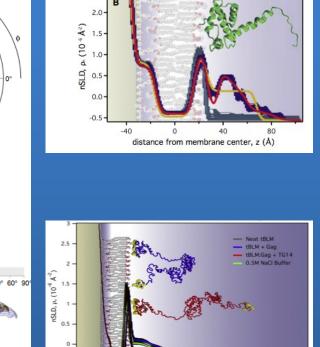
Complete models can be created using existing NMR and X-ray coordinates and scattering profiles compared to data.











Further studies defined the orientation of the Gag matrix domain on membrane surfaces and that nucleic acid causes compact Gag to extend on the membrane surface. Thus providing step-wise insight into the assembly of

w/ H. Nanda et al.

J. Mol. Biol. **365**, 812 (2007), Biophys. J. **99** (2010), J. Mol. Biol. **406** (2011), Comp. Phys. Comm. **183**, 382

overall progress, organizing meetings and generally trying to make sure nothing falls through the cracks. • The core software team team is responsible for developing and

• The Executive team is responsible for co-ordinating activities, tracking

STRUCTURE

- deploying the core plugin framework, web interface, and for porting existing code bases into the framework. Chair Joseph Curtis.
- The Chemical physics team is responsible for developing new algorithms and new plugins. Chair: Jianhan Chen
- Testing team is responsible for testing the software with real world applications, feeding back new ideas, usability and bug reports in a continuous cycle. Experience is also used to commence documentation **Chair: Steve Perkins**
- Dissemination is responsible for promotion of the project and its activities, education of the community, and engagement with other projects and other facilities. Chair: Steve King.

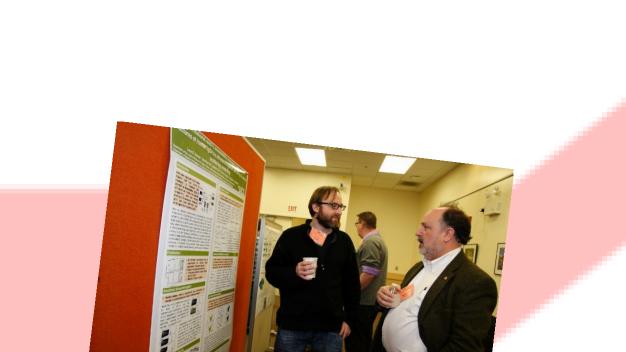
STATUS

Organizational

- Web presence established with ccpsas domain registered
- Joined CCP steering panel
- Several papers published or in press more to come.
- Talks: NIBB, ACA(2), ACNS, XSEDE
- Started engaging other facilities
- Working groups created team documents describing scope, vision, and milestone for each area.
- Fortnightly Executive team GoTo Meetings
- First full project GoTo Webinar meeting in December (plan monthly)

Software development

- GENAPP framework prototype created and tested with SASSIE modules
- SCT-SCTPL scattering curve simulation software made open source
- Web prototype implemented: roll out March 2014 to begin alpha testing w/ grant members
- Preliminary design HPC (core & gateway) [access & usage]
- Publish APIs for web framework and SASMOL [grow developer community]
- Glycoprotein Builder Prototype
- CHARMM interface implemented
- New modules:
 - Contrast Calculator released and published
 - SLD-MOL released and submitted[reflectivity of ensembles on/in surfaces]
- SASCALC prototype
- TAMD prototype



EPSRC

Collaborative Computational

Project for advanced analyses of

structural data in chemical biology

and soft condensed matter

Grant No.

EP/K039121/1

Richard Heenan & Steve King

ISIS Pulsed Neutron & Muon Source

Stephen Perkins (PI)

University College London

Kings College London

Nottingham University

Diamond Light Source

+ other collaborators

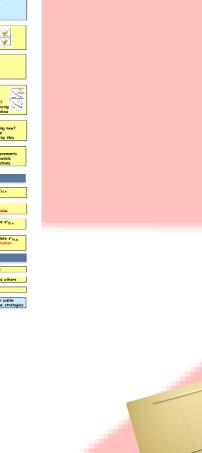
University of Bath

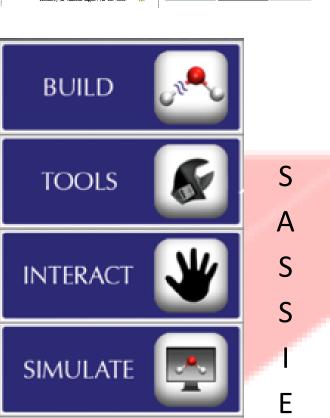
David Barlow

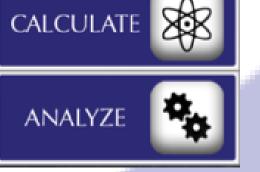
Karen Edler

David Scott

Nick Terrill









YEAR 1 GOALS

1. Core Software:

- Deploy web prototype & begin alpha testing w/ grant members
- Preliminary design HPC (core & gateway) [access & usage]

Target languages

Publish APIs for web framework and SASMOL [grow developer community]

2. Chemical Physics

- Implementation of an interface to CHARMM and a torsional angle molecular dynamics (TAMD) module
- Test of various atomistic implicit solvent models and simulation protocols for proteins using model systems
- Initiate testing of sampling protocols and force field options for nucleic acids and glycosylated proteins.
- Identify best non protein target problems to address

3. Testing:

- Identify candidate test projects appropriate for the state of the software and kickoff first testing project
- Identify technologies/build infrastructure to: track project queue and status, simplify feedback loop and documentation effort

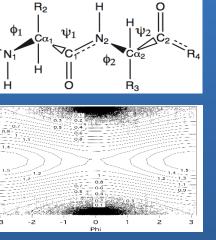
4. Dissemination

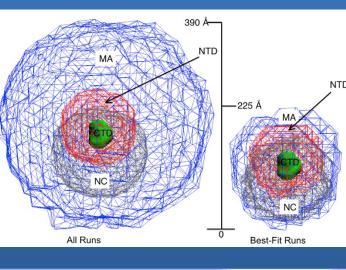
- Begin engagement activities
- Identify technologies and build infrastructures (capturing user feedback, providing video tutorials, user mailing lists, FAQS, etc.)

APPLICATIONS: EXAMPLES FROM SASSIE

configurations can be obtained by generating structures using atomistic models with flexibility dictated by CHARMM force-field parameters. HIV-1 Gag is compact in solution.

More thorough sampling of inter-domain

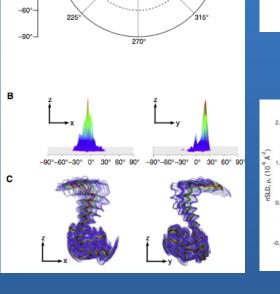




colloidal representation of mAb

interactions at high concentration.

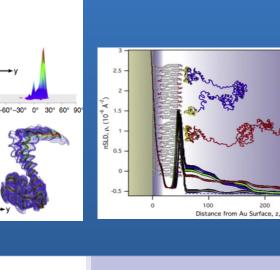
Ensemble modeling allows for precise

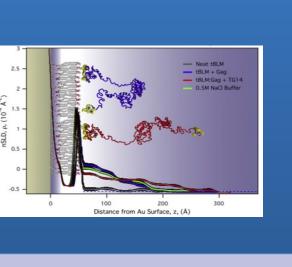


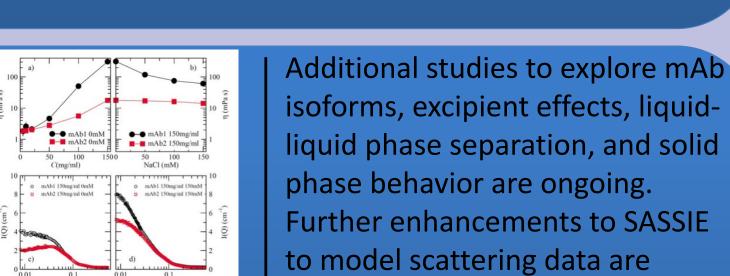
At high

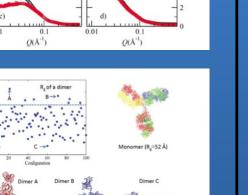
concentration

mAbs can have









// N. Clark et al, and Y. Liu et al. ophys. J. (accepted).

and thus do not adopt a single structure in solution. mAb products often have low specific activity thus requiring formulation at high concentration. Computational methods to analyze scattering data of mAbs

is of increasing utility.

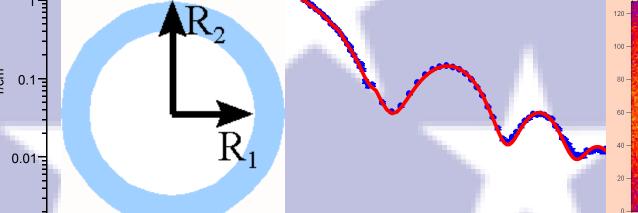
antibodies (mAb) supports a > \$40B/yr

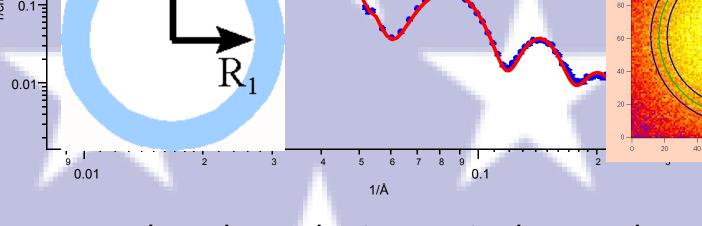
global market. mAb proteins are flexible

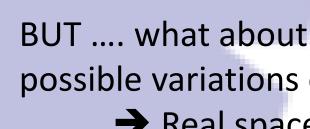
• Jianhan Chen

University of Texas Health Science Center San Antonio

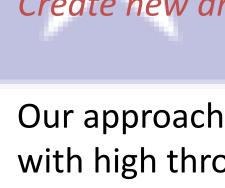
- Kansas State University
- NIST Center for Neutron Research
- Advanced Photon Source
- + other collaborators
- "Classical" scattering analysis: analytical expressions in Fourier space

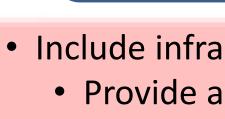


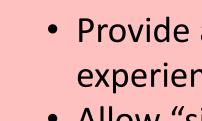


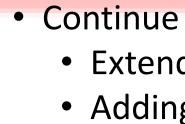




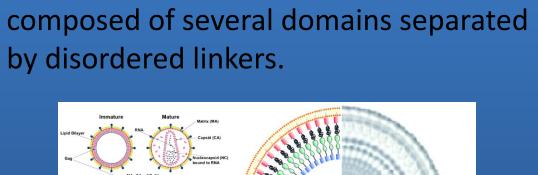








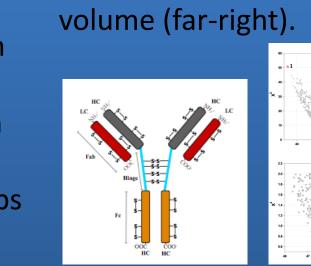
Gag is the main protein component in

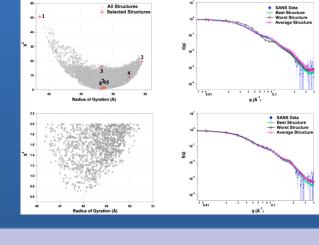


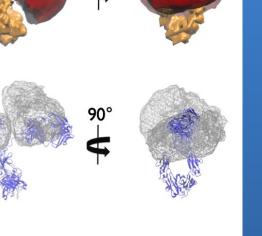
HIV-1. Once assembled, it is known to

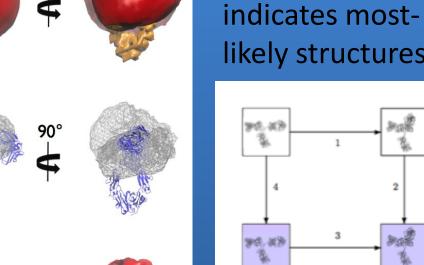
form a regular structure. The protein is

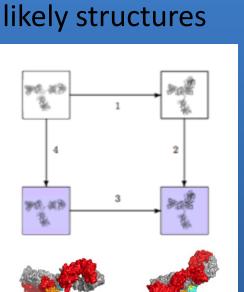
Using the SASSIE Monte Carlo module **Monoclonal Antibodies** ensembles of mAb can be created and theoretical profiles can be compared to Manufacturing of therapeutic monoclonal experimental data (below) with the best





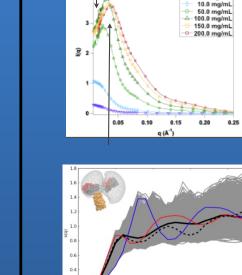


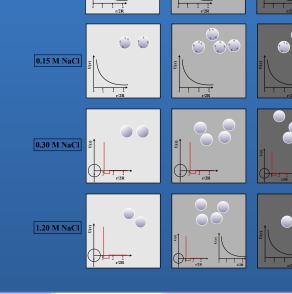


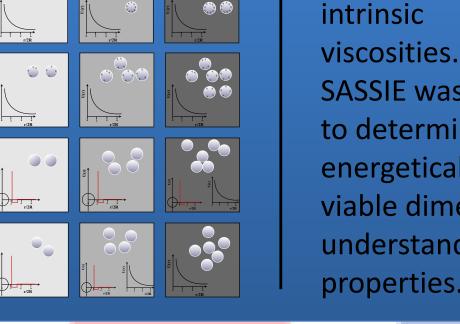


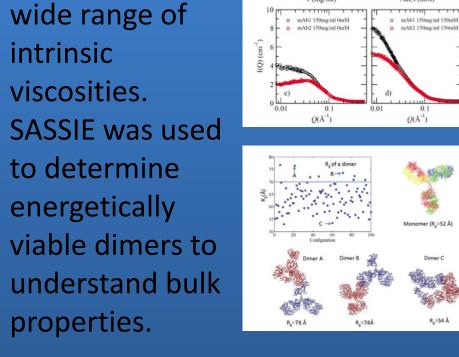
Solvation free-

energy analysis









to model scattering data are under development. Genentech
A Member of the Roche Group Phys. Chem B **117**, 14029 (2013) and

